

**Ancorsteel 85 HP** is a water atomized, prealloyed low-alloy steel powder for high performance applications. The prealloyed 0.85 w/o molybdenum addition allows exceptionally high compressibility and provides good response to heat treatment.

Ancorsteel 85 HP is a good base powder for a wide range of hybrid alloy systems.

## Typical Analysis and Properties

### Composition (weight %) (w/o)

C	Mn	Mo	O
<0.01	0.12	0.86	0.08

### Apparent Density

2.97 g/cm<sup>3</sup>

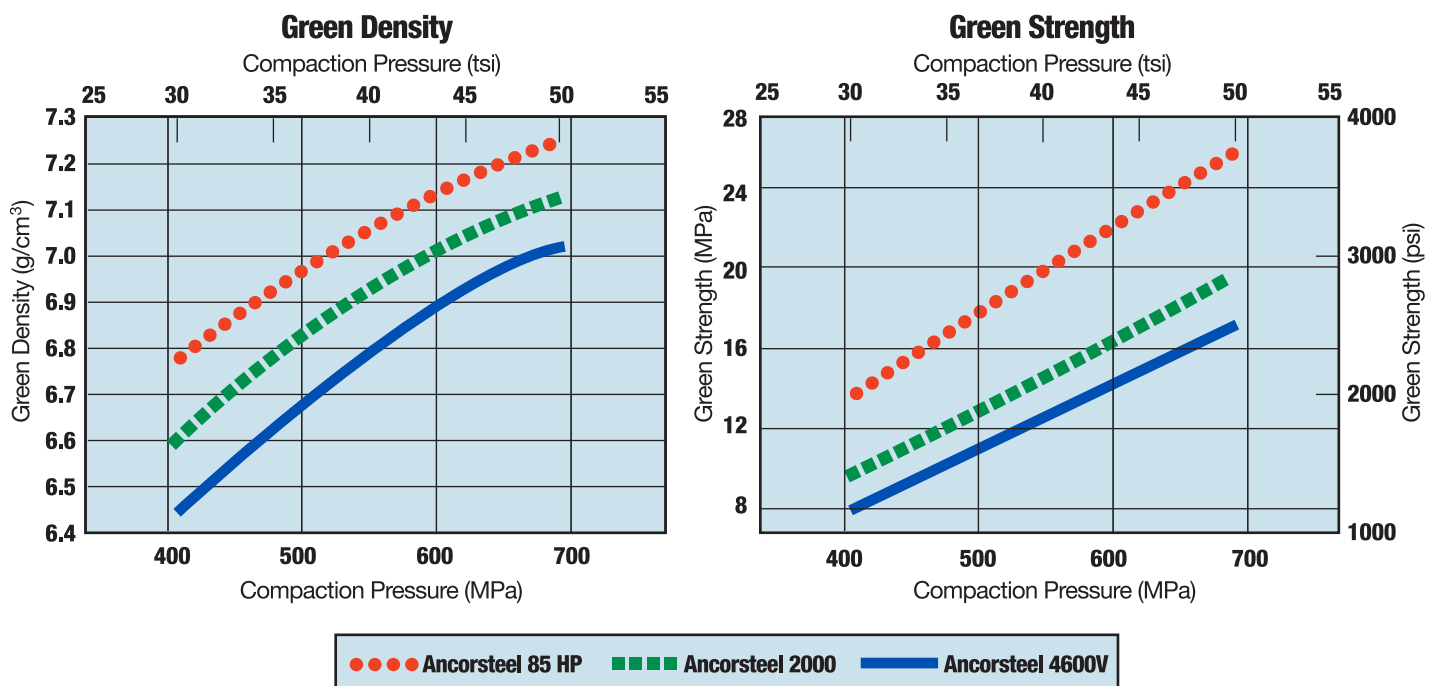
### Flow Rate

25 s/50g

### Sieve Distribution (w/o)

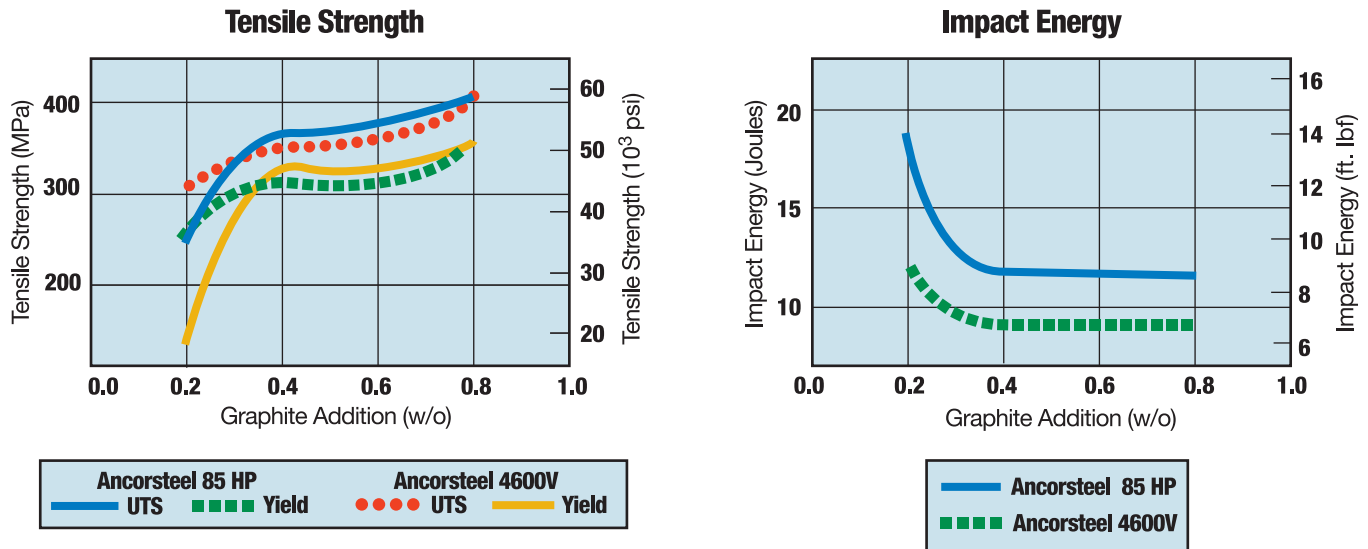
Micrometers	+250	-250 /+150	-150 /+45	-45
U.S. Standard Mesh	(+60)	(-60 +100)	(-100 /+325)	(-325)
	Trace	10	70	20

## The Effect of Compaction Pressure on Ancorsteel 85 HP with 0.5 w/o Zinc Stearate



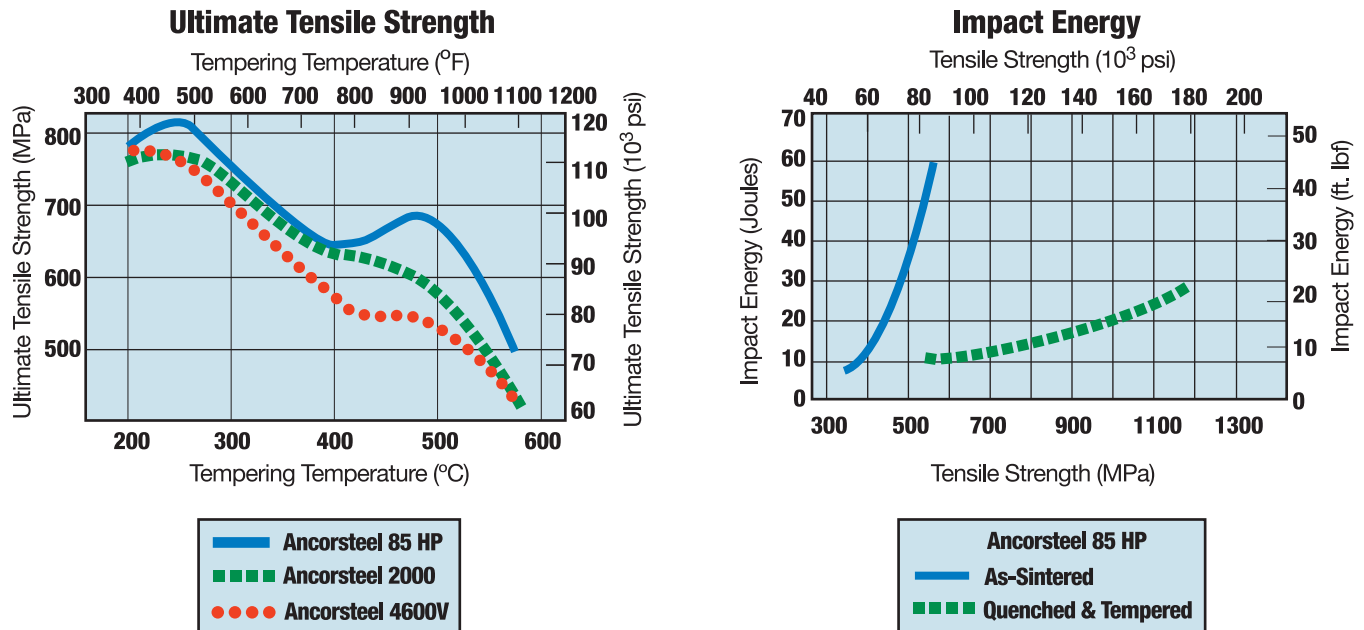
# Ancorsteel® 85 HP

## Properties of Heat Treated Compacts of Ancorsteel 85 HP



All specimens were compacted at a pressure of 550 MPa (40 tsi).

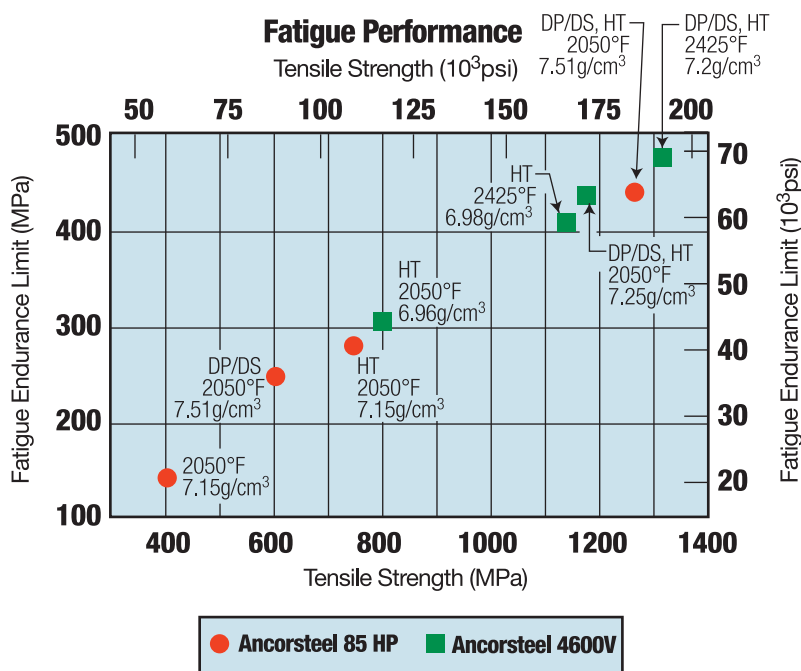
## Response to Heat Treatment



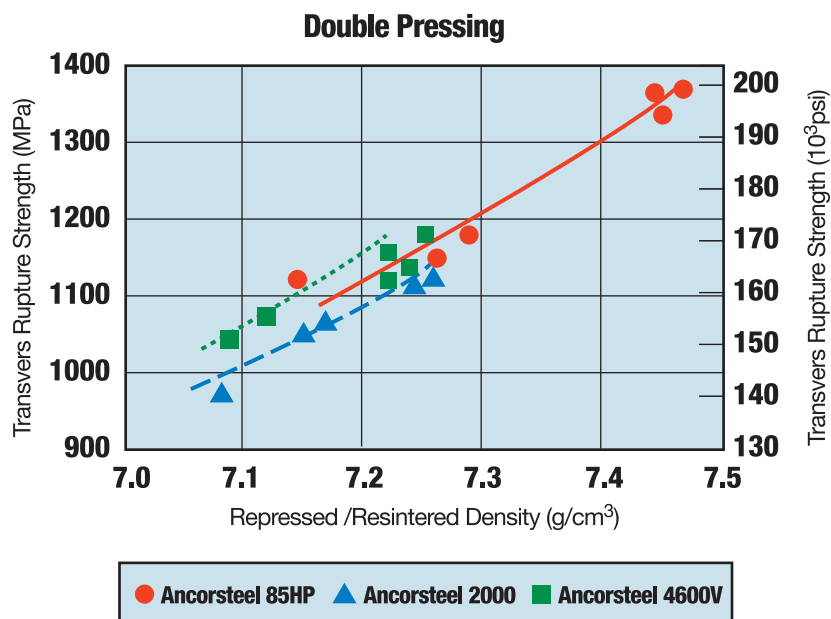
Powders with a 0.6 w/o graphite addition were compacted at a pressure of 550 MPa (40 tsi). Heat treatment was performed at 900°C (1650°F) for 30 minutes in dissociated ammonia followed by quenching in oil preheated to 60°C (150°F). Tempering was performed for 60 minutes in argon to prevent decarburization.

# Ancorsteel® 85 HP

## Properties of Heat Treated Compacts of Ancorsteel 85 HP



All compacts were prepared with a 0.6 w/o graphite addition. Processing conditions are shown for each data point.

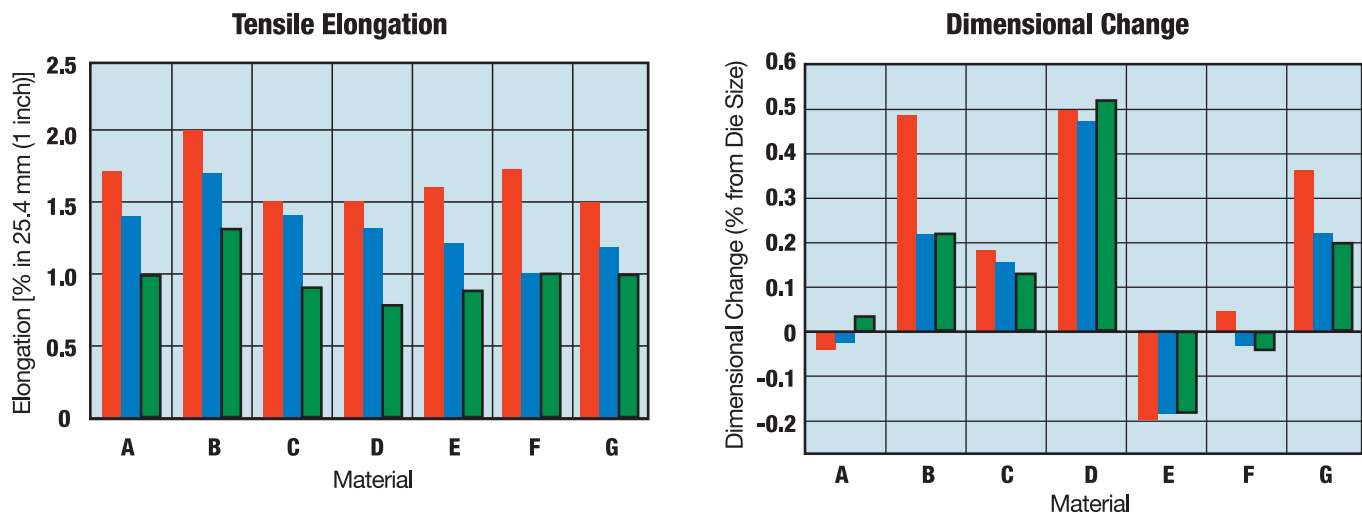
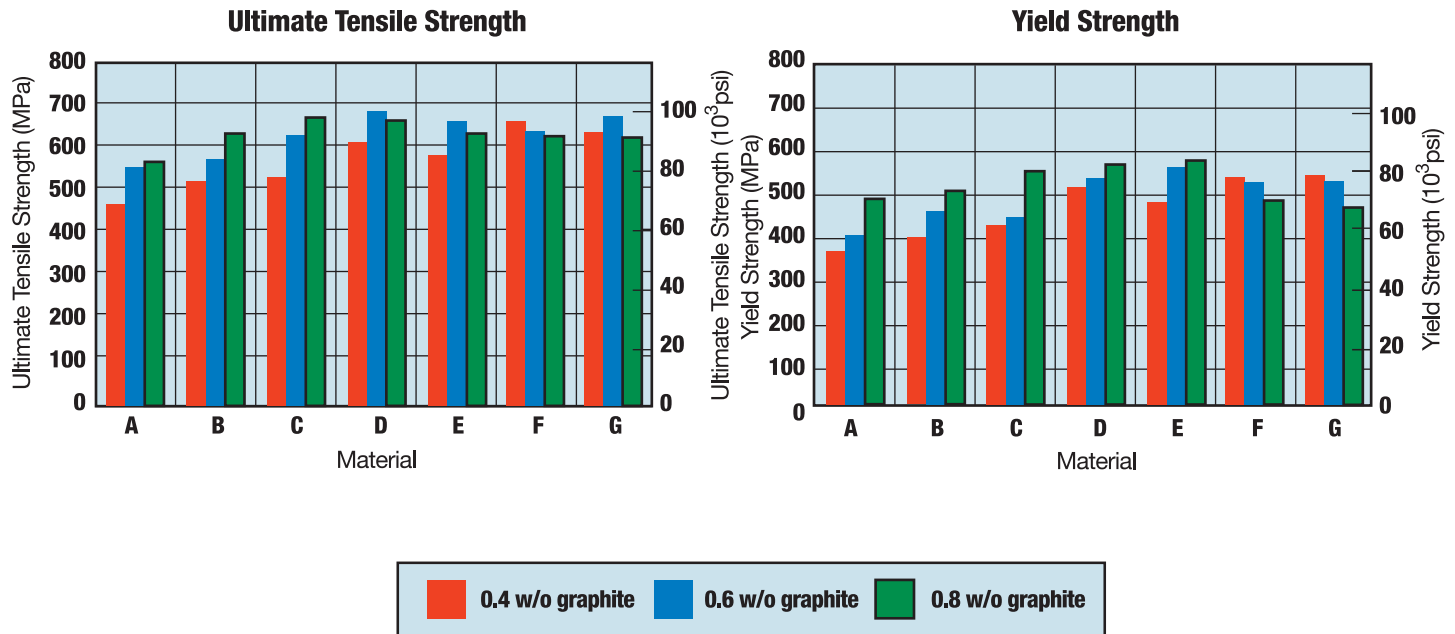


Powders with a 0.6 w/o graphite addition were compacted initially at 620 MPa (45 tsi) followed by presintering at a range of temperature from 590–870°C (1100–1600°F) The specimens were repressed at 620 MPa (45 tsi) and sintered at 1120°C (2050°F) for 30 minutes in dissociated ammonia.

# Ancorsteel® 85 HP

## As-sintered Properties of Compacts of Ancorsteel 85 HP at a 7.0g/cm<sup>3</sup> Density

Material	A	B	C	D	E	F	G
Nickel (w/o)	2	0	2	2	4	4	4
Copper (w/o)	0	2	1	2	0	1	2

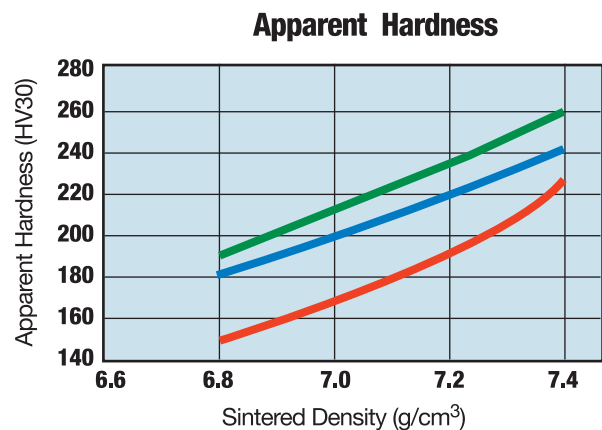
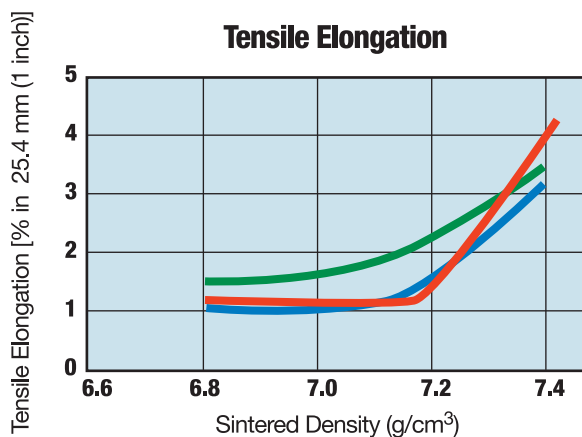
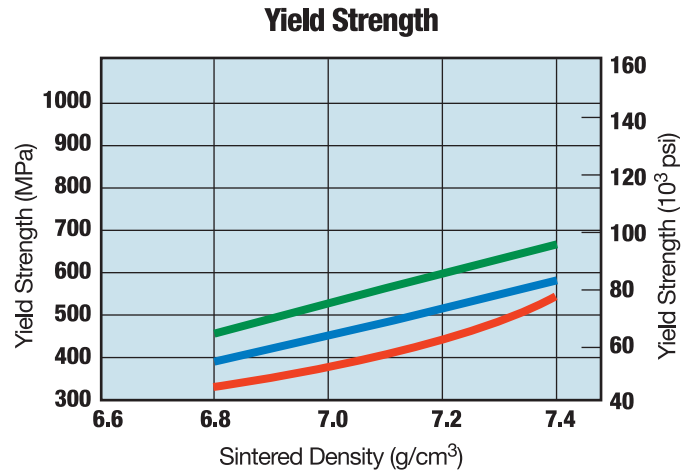
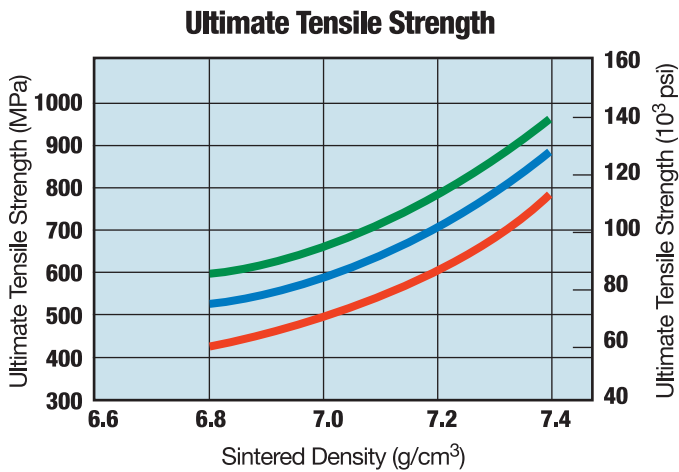


All specimens were sintered at 1120°C (2050°F) for 30 minutes in dissociated ammonia.

# Ancorsteel® 85 HP

## The Effect of Density on Properties of Sintered Compacts of Ancorsteel 85 HP

Material	A	C	F
Nickel (w/o)	2	2	4
Copper (w/o)	0	1	1
Graphite (w/o)	0.6	0.6	0.4
<b>Color Legend</b>	<span style="color: red;">—</span>	<span style="color: blue;">—</span>	<span style="color: green;">—</span>

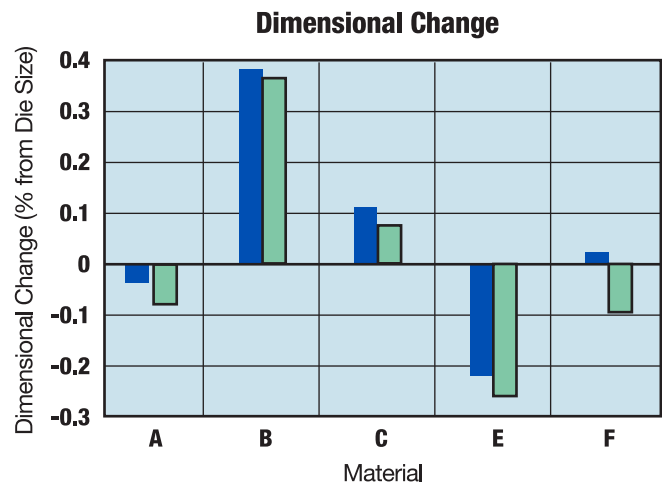
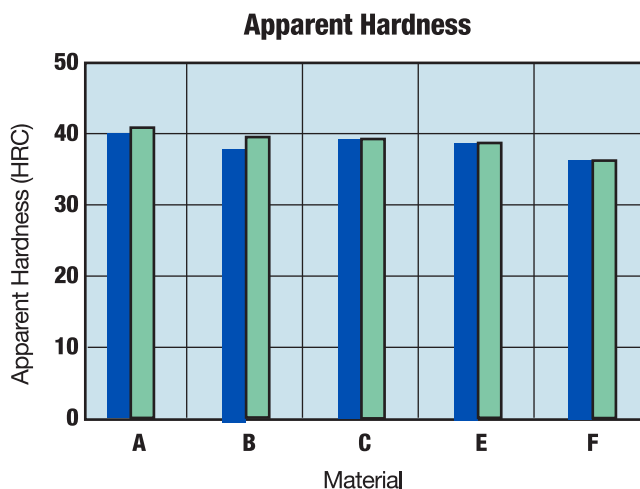
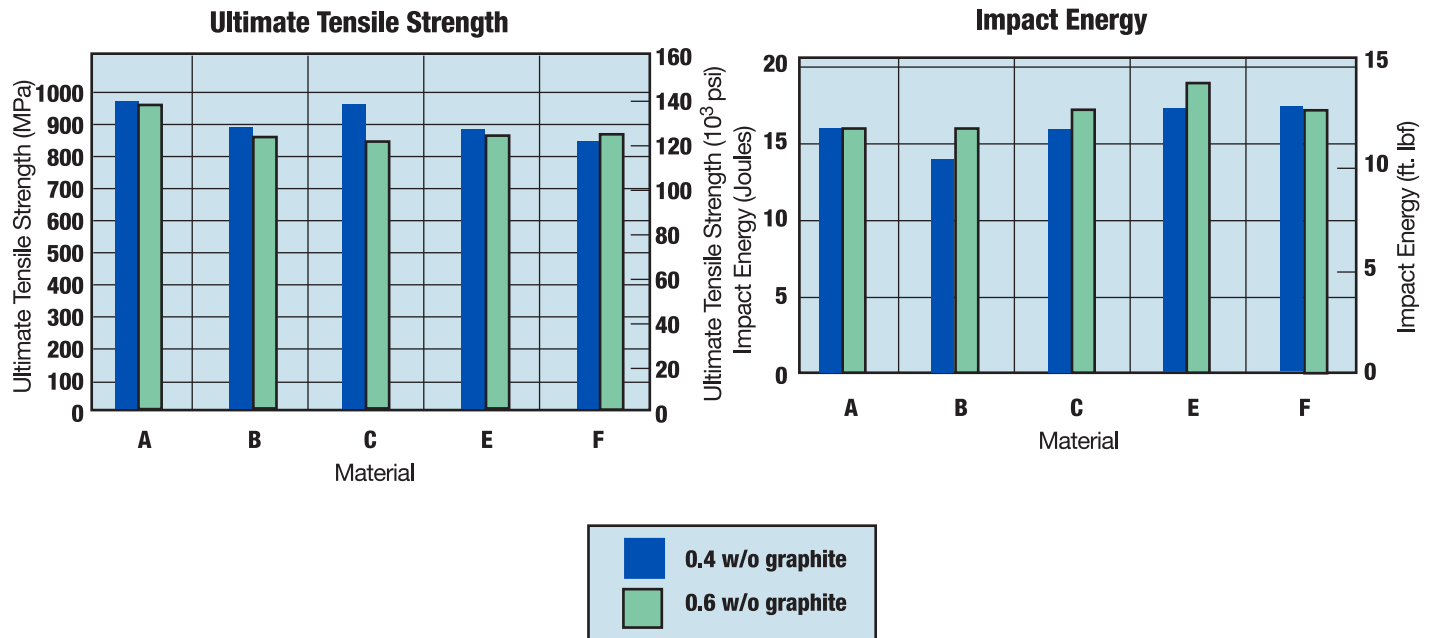


All specimens were sintered at 1120°C (2050°F) for 30 minutes in dissociated ammonia. [For sintered densities greater than 7.2 g/cm<sup>3</sup>, initial compaction was performed at 620 MPa (45 tsi) followed by presintering at 760°C (1400°F). The specimens were repressed at 620 MPa (45 tsi) and sintered at 1120°C (2050°F) for 30 minutes in dissociated ammonia].

# Ancorsteel® 85 HP

## Properties of Heat Treated Compacts of Ancorsteel 85 HP

Material	A	B	C	E	F
Nickel (w/o)	2	0	2	4	4
Copper (w/o)	0	2	1	0	1

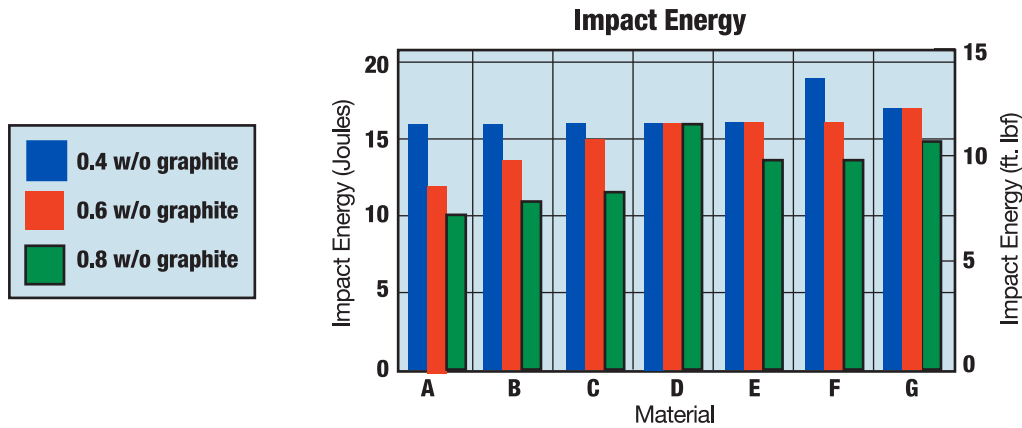


All specimens were compacted at 620 MPa (45 tsi) and sintered for 30 minutes in dissociated ammonia. Heat treatment was performed in a production furnace at 840°C (1550°F) in an endothermic gas atmosphere followed by quenching in oil preheated to 60°C (140°F). Tempering was carried out at 200°C (400°F) in air.

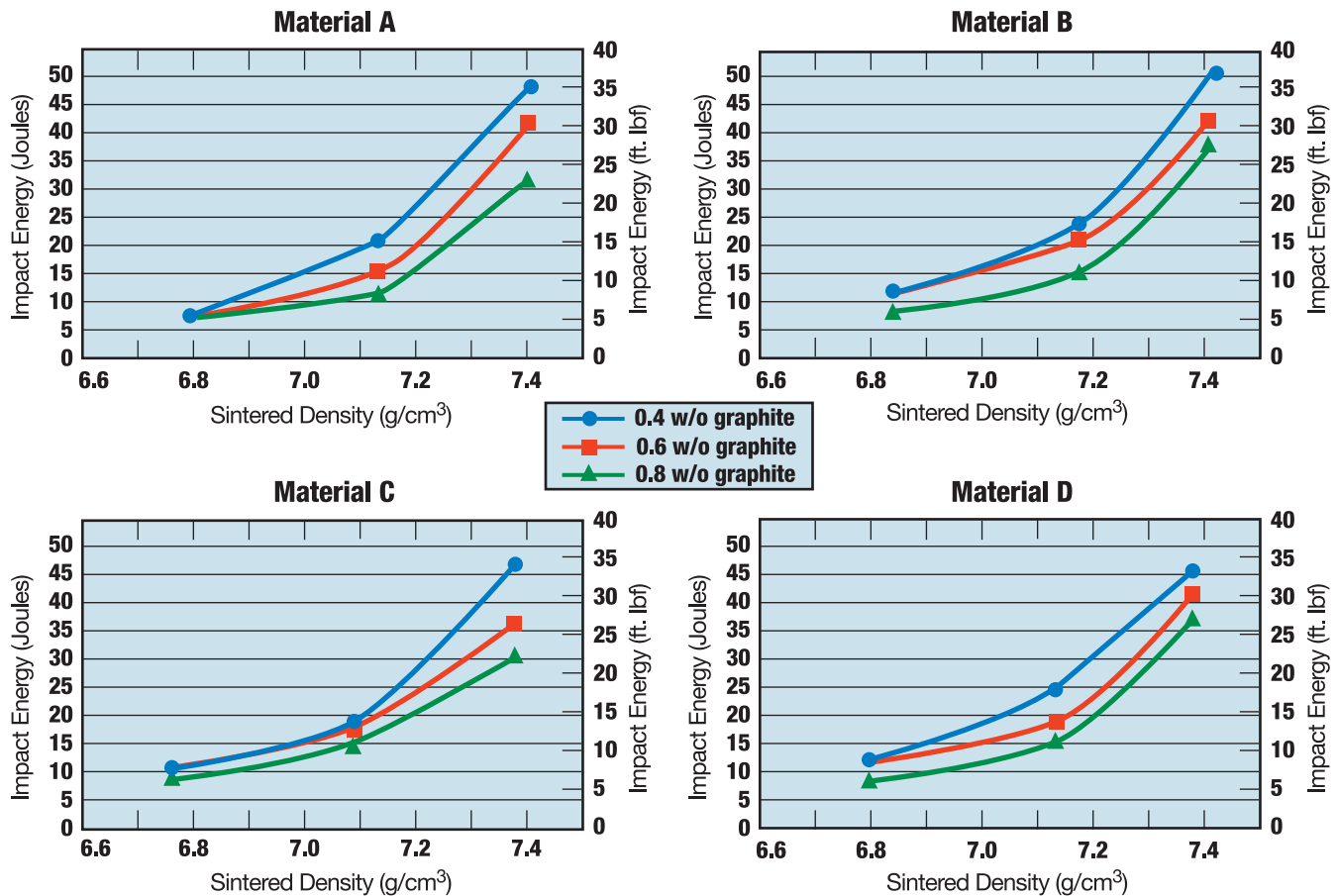
# Ancorsteel® 85 HP

## Properties of Sintered Compacts of Ancorsteel 85 HP at a Density of 7.0 g/cm<sup>3</sup>

Material	A	B	C	D	E	F	G
Nickel (w/o)	2	0	2	2	4	4	4
Copper (w/o)	0	2	1	2	0	1	2



## The Effect of Sintered Density on Impact Properties



All specimens were sintered at 1120°C (2050°F) for 30 minutes in dissociated ammonia. [For sintered densities greater than 7.2 g/cm<sup>3</sup>, initial compaction was performed at 620 MPa (45 tsi) followed by presintering at 760°C (1400°F). The specimens were repressed at 620 MPa (45 tsi) and sintered at 1120°C (2050°F) for 30 minutes in dissociated ammonia].

**IMPORTANT NOTICE:** The data shown are based on laboratory processing standard test specimens. Results may vary from those obtained in production processing.